### **Esri Developer Summit**

March 8–11, 2016 | Palm Springs, CA

### Harnessing the Power of Python in ArcGIS Using the Conda Distribution

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### https://github.com/scw/condadevsummit-2016-talk Handout PDF High Quality PDF (2MB)



### Conda



### Conda

- Brand new: thought it was more important to show it to you than to focus on telling you about it
- Time today to discuss your needs and what we might do to solve your problems

# Why Python?

- Accessible for new-comers, and the most taught first language in **US** universites
- Extensive package collection (56 thousand on PyPI), broad userbase
- Strong glue language used to bind together many environments, both open source and commercial
- Open source with liberal license do what you want



# Package Management for Python

Why not pip, wheels, virtualenvs?

- Don't handle the harder problem of system dependencies, considered out of scope by Python packagers — does it end up in site-packages?
- Package devs: On OSX and Linux, 'easy' to get the deps! Use a system package manager (e.g. apt, brew, yum) and the included compiler (e.g. clang, gcc).
- It's still not easy to make reproducible builds, and what about Windows?

### What about Windows?

- We are particularly stuck on Windows which lacks broadly used package management
  - NuGet is great, but not a system-level package manager
  - If managing applications, try Chocolatey
- Only devs have a C compiler on their machine
  - The essential model is compilers for few, runtimes for all
- Package management is hard! (Except on JavaScript universal compilers are a leg-up)

### What about Windows?

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- Only devs have a C compiler on their machine
  - The essential model is compilers for few, runtimes for all
- Package management is hard! (Except on JavaScript universal compilers are a leg-up)
  - Enter Conda

# Why Conda?



- Scientific Python community identified that there was a gap not being addressed by the core Python infrastructure, limiting their ability to get packages into the hands of users
- Industry standard built by people who care about this space **Continuum Analytics**

# Why Conda?



- It solves a hard problem:
- Handles dependencies for many languages (C, C++, R and of course) Python)
- Built for Python first, but it really solves a much broader infrastructural issue.

### Conda





- Cross-platform: simply develop recipes for building and installing software on Linux, OS X and Windows. All it takes: a meta.yaml, and a build recipe.
- Open source (BSD): Esri is using it, you can use it in your own projects for other contexts



What can it install? Not just scientific packages. It can help with:

- GUI toolkits (PyQt, TKinter)
- C++ Libraries (Boost)
- IDEs (Spyder, Juptyer)

See conda-recipes for a comprehensive set of build recipes. Everything from applications to compilers to Python modules, hundreds of maintained recipes across many problem domains.

# Conda (C

- Environments: Can isolate a Python environment, flexibly make changes withot affecting installed software.
- Requirements include explicit state information, not just the package name. Names aren't enough!
- Also handles platforms and Jupyter notebooks

### How Does it Work?

Conda packages can come from a variety of locations:

- On disk (file://)
- Public repositories hosted on Anaconda Cloud
- Public repositories self-hosted
- Private repositories
- Paid private repositories

Command line interface

Will show what we're working on to make this easier, especially for non-developers

Conda Cheatsheet



To start:

conda --help

- A collection of packages and Python install is called an *environment* or env, the building block for managing Python with Conda
- Can have multiple environments and seamlessly switch between them

Activating environments, a couple ways:

- Use the shortcuts
- Manually activate the environment:

cd /d C:\ArcGIS\bin\Python\Scripts
activate arcgispro-py3



Once you're in an environment get details with info:

conda info

Conda info is the starting point – it tells you the state of the environment.

### conda info

Current conda install:

| default environment<br>envs directories<br>package cache | •<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>• | 4.0.4<br>not installed<br>3.5.1.final.0 |
|--|---|---|
|  |   |   |

config file : C:\ArcGIS\bin\Python\.condarc



Creating new environments:

• A few different ways. Can manually specify the dependencies:

conda create --name my\_env python=3.4 numpy flask dask

### • Can also use a file which includes all the dependencies:

conda create --name my\_env --file my\_sweet\_depends.txt

These can contain explcit information about channels, to ensure that the new environment precisely matches the requirements.

### Condavs...

| Name               | Means  |
|--------------------|--|
| Conda              | The command itself                                       |
| Miniconda          | A minimum set of Python packages to build and run Conda. |
| Anaconda           | A distribution 200+ packages built with Conda            |
| Anaconda<br>Server | Host the full infrastructure internally                  |



 $\checkmark$ 

### Conda Demo



### Deeper Dive



## **Conda Behind Firewall**

- How's it work?
- Lock it down: Don't use network
- Can vet the installation
- Will work out of the box with default packages without any network connectivity

# . condarc

• Modify defaults with a simple simple YAML file for configuration

• Can be updated with conda config, just like using git config to update the default configuration

A detailed example . condarc

### Creating packages

Straightforward:

- A metadata document (meta.yaml) specifying the contents and dependencies
- A build command (bld.bat, build.sh) specifying how to build

### Creating packages meta.yaml:

package: name: pypdf2 version: "1.25.1"

source:

fn: PyPDF2-1.25.1.tar.gz url: https://pypi.python.org/packages/source/P/PyPDF2/PyPDF2-1.25.1.tar.gz md5: ee5e5b01d00b120805e5049e56c6fd7c

requirements:

run:

- python



### Creating packages bld.bat:

"%PYTHON%" setup.py install



# Multiple Pythons

Currently:

PlatformPython versionDesktopPython 2.7.x (2.7.10)ProPython 3.4.x (3.4.3)



# **Multiple Pythons**

Upgrade code? Python migration for ArcGIS Pro

• Do it already! You can support 2 + 3 without that much work • If you hit an issue, it's probably because you don't understand Unicode yet – Watch this PyCon talk, Pragmatic Unicode, or, How do I stop the pain?

# **Multiple Pythons**

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But... this can be costly. For many organizations, a significant burden, even if the language changes are relatively small.

## Multiple Pythons with Conda

With Conda, we can support multiple platforms:

• Py 2.7, 3.4, 3.5 in Pro 1.3

Create a new environment, target a different Python, users can now use that with the Py2 code

Still need to change arcpy.mapping to arcpy.mp when moving from Desktop to Pro, but no Python language level changes needed.

## Challenges

Have to make sure you're running the right Python (what happens when you type *python* at the command line?)

- We will make this easy as possible
- It'll be easy to tell in app
- Isolated installation fixes a variety of issues

Requires some user education over the "only one Python on the box" model

# What Do I Get Out of the Box?

- Conda command and a Conda root Python install
- New modules (e.g. requests)
- Conda environment with all of the ArcGIS Pro dependencies as Conda packages

### How can luse this?

- We already ship you the SciPy stack powerful and out of the box, can use today (Pro and 10.4)
- Can start using conda today. Miniconda is fully stand-alone, won't affect your global Python (unless you tell it to)
- Package your work: this is an opportunity to distribute it, possibly including commercial side as well.

### Where Can I Run This?



- ArcGIS Pro 1.3 (Release: 2016 UC)
  - Will be *the* Python install.
  - Ul for interaction
- Future:
  - Take advantage of more features
  - Integration with platform

## from future import \*

Effectively manage complex software dependencies with Conda. Thousands of packages exist today, can integrate it into your organization's needs.

### Resources



### Resources

Conda Recipes Anaconda.org Conda Cheatsheet



# Closing



### Thanks

Esri Conda Team:



Continuum Analytics for creating and open sourcing Conda

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Windows Phone, don't use a smartphone?: Cuniform tablets accepted (sorry! limitation).

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